## The Practice of Personal Lament

Grieving in a healthy way, in a way that affirms God's love for us even in the midst of pain, in a way that enables us to successfully return to loving God and loving neighbor, is modeled in the lament psalms of Scripture. These lament psalms reveal a structure that can guide us through the turmoil of trauma.

Glen Pemberton writes that lament "is not an outburst of unrestrained speech that gives free reign to an emotional torrent of words." Instead it is "a structured controlled language that by its methodological cadence helps restore a modicum of structure in times of disorientation." Lament psalms accomplish this by providing a way of praying that incorporates five common elements:

- 1. an address to God.
- 2. complaints,
- 3. requests,
- 4. motivation (why God should act), and
- 5. confidence in God.

Through this structure, Pemberton writes, "lament itself begins to restore some sense of order in the midst of chaos." Not all five of these components are in every lament psalm, and some lament psalms include additional components. But these five represent the core of biblical lament. They are handrails that allow us to grieve well. Psalm 13 reveals this structure:

- 1. Address to God: "How long, O Lord?" (Ps. 13:1a ESV)
- 2. Complaint: "Will you forget me forever? How long will you hide your face from me? How long must I take counsel in my soul and have sorrow in my heart all the day? How long shall my enemy be exalted over me?" (Ps. 13:1b-2 ESV)
- 3. Request: "Consider and answer me, O Lord my God; light up my eyes" (Ps. 13:3a ESV)
- 4. Motivation: "lest I sleep the sleep of death, lest my enemy say, "I have prevailed over him, lest my foes rejoice because I am shaken." (Ps. 13:3b-4 ESV)
- 5. Confidence in God: "But I have trusted in your steadfast love; my heart shall rejoice in your salvation. I will sing to the Lord, because he has dealt bountifully with me. (Ps. 13:5-6 ESV)

Using this structure, poet Ann Weems writes fifty psalms of lament with language from the psalms. Here is one:<sup>56</sup>

O Holy One, I can no longer see. blinded by tears that will not cease, I can only cry out to you and listen

<sup>55</sup> Glenn Pemberton, Hurting With God (ACU Press, 2012), 65.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> Ann Weems *Psalms of Lament* (Presbyterian Publishing Company, 1999) 10-11.

for your footsteps.

Are you, too, O God, blinded by tears? have you watched this world pile its hate onto the faces of your little ones until your eyes are so filled with tears that you cannot see me waiting for you? Are you, O God, deafened by the expletives of destruction and death? have you heard so many obscenities that you cannot hear my moaning? O God, if you are blind, can't you old out your hand to me? if you're deaf, can't you call my name?

How long, O God, am I to sit on the plain of blindness? How long am I to listen to the profanity of my enemies who mock: "Where is your God now?"

Show them, O my God, that you remember. reach out your hand and dry my eyes that I might see a new beginning.

Open your mouth and call me byname that I might know you remember me. Claim me that I might announce in the marketplace that my God is here.

O my heart, give thanks! My God is here even in the midst of destruction.

Take some time right now and write out your own psalm of lament. Express your pain using the five parts below:

|                  | My Lament |
|------------------|-----------|
| (Address to God) |           |
| (Complaint)      |           |
|                  |           |
|                  |           |
| (Request)        |           |
|                  |           |
|                  |           |
| (Motivation)     |           |
|                  |           |
|                  |           |
| (Confidence)     |           |
| ·                |           |
|                  |           |
|                  |           |